Ref:786/JUA/2010

Office Order

Date: 27-09-10

Jamia Urdu (Aligarh)

Established Under The Article 30 Of The Constitution Of India & Section 2(g) Of The NCMEI Act 2004

An Un-Aided Minority Govt Institution Running Successfully Since 1939
Dr Zakir Husain, President Of India (III) served as VC Of Jmaia Urdu
To educate those who are not educated in conventional manner
Pioneer Institution Of All DEPs In The World

www.jamiaurdualigarh.blog.com www.jamiaurdualigarh.com www.jamiaurdualigarh.org pvcxyz@gmail.com pharmacbs@yahoo.com Ph: +91-9259017697

RECOGNIZED BY:

- Grih Mantralaya, (Karmik Aur Prashasnik Sudhar Wibhag), Government Of India, since 1978.
- Ministry Of Personnel Public Grievances And Pensions, Government Of India, since 2005.
- **❖** Ministry Of HRD, Government Of India, since 2010.
- Ministry Of Home Affairs, Government Of India, since 1978.
- **Ministry of Education, Govt. of India**
- Ministry Of HRD, Bihar Sarkar, Patna, since 2009 and All State Governments, since 1978.
- **UPSC, Govt Of India and NCTE, New Delhi.**

From

Dr Saif S Rahman Deputy Registrar Jamia Urdu, Aligarh

To,

Secretary/Chairman Council Of Secondary Education, Mohali, Punjab India

Subject:

Regarding recognition of various courses of Council Of Secondary Education, Mohali, Punjab by Jamia Urdu, Aligarh, UP.

Esteemed Sir,

With reference to your letter with syllabus and GOs received on 16/09/2010, I am hereby directed to declare that equivalency committee and academic council of Jamia Urdu, Aligarh decided finally to recognize all courses of Council Of Secondary Education, Mohali, Punjab, India for higher education and research work where eligibility criteria is fulfilled by the courses of the aforesaid Council Of Secondary Education, Mohali, Punjab, India.

It is to be further informed to the concerned authority of the aforesaid Board in question, Council Of Secondary Education, Mohali, Punjab, India that Jamia Urdu, Aligarh is following syllabus of NCERT/NIOS pattern and other universities and boards have recognized the courses of this one of the oldest institution running since 1939 where average number of passing students are 140,000 per year in the country and abroad to educate the people of the down-trodden strata of the society so as to give the practical shape of this history-making opportunities for education in the country, to avoid the drawback of ignorance and to mix up the students of oppressed strata of the society in the mainstream, after all, to fulfill the dream of India for a developed nation.

Yours sincerely! With best regards!!

Dr. Saif S. Rahman
MD, DCP, MRCP, Author., B Ed.
Medical Consultant & Dy. Registrar
Jamia Urdu, Aligarh

Dr Saif S Rahman Deputy Registrar Jamia Urdu, Aligarh 9259017697

safestdrugs@gmail.com/pharmacbs@yahoo.com

Copies to:

- 1. The aforesaid authority of Board in question Council Of Secondary Education, Mohali, Punjab, India.
- 2. Dy Registrar, Jamia Urdu, Medical Road, Aligarh.
- 3. Chairman, Minority Commission, New Delhi.
- 4. EO/Project Coordinator(Minority Cell), NIOS, Noida.

MILESTONES OF JAMIA URDU, ALIGARH FROM 1939 TO 2010

What do you mean by **GOD**: GOD means **G**enerator, **O**perator and **D**estroyer? In one sense, Jamia Urdu is one of the oldest institution but still never had supported by any government(British or Indian) fully. So, I strongly believe that this institution has been run by GOD only. Jamia Urdu, Aligarh is an unique institution and a valuable heritage of the Urdu-speaking community and the non-Urdu-speaking community equally **to educate those who are not educated in conventional manner or by AMU, BHU, JMI, JNU, IIT, AIIMS, IIM etc.** Jamia Urdu is the mother of all DEPs (Distance Education Programmes) in the world, running since 1939 with average number of passing students of **40,000** per year (Saif S Rahman, Dy. Registrar).

Many prime ministers of India have got the honorary degrees from Jamia Urdu such as **Indira Gandhi, I K Gujral, VP Singh.** Dr Zakir Husain, **President Of India** served as the most dynamic **Vice-Chancellor of Jamia Urdu.** Up to 1970s, it was the integral part of AMU under the administration of the Registrar and the VC of AMU. Nizam Of Hydrabad, Nawab Chhatari(PM Of British Period), Mufti Mohd Sayeed(CM of J&K), many CM, Governor, DM, Vice-President Of India left no stone unturned for the promotion of Jamia Urdu, Aliagrh.Zakir Husain was born on February 8, 1897and he died on May 3, 1969. He was the third President Of India from May 13, 1967 until his death.

Child-Hood of VC of Jamia Urdu, Aligarh and President Of India:

Dr Zakir Husain, President Of India was born in Hyderabad India. His Pashtun father had migrated to Hyderabad from Uttar Pradesh. He was educated at Islamia High School in Secunderabad, and at the Anglo-Muhammadan Oriental College (now AMU, Aligarh).

Achievements of VC of Jamia Urdu, Aligarh and President Of India:

Dr Zakir Husain, President Of India, then only 23, was among the small group of students and teachers who founded a National Muslim University near Delhi and named it Jamia Millia Islamia. Dr Zakir Husain's thirst for knowledge took him to Germany in the 1920s. During three years of stay there, he acquired a love for European art, literature and music. He was awarded a doctorate in economics from the University of Berlin. After serving as the Governor of Bihar from 1957 to 1962, and as the Vice President of India from 1962 to 1967, Dr Zakir Husain, was elected President of India on May 13, 1967. In his inaugural speech he said that the whole of India was his home and all its people were his family. Dr Zakir Husain, President Of India was also the uncle of General Rahimuddin Khan. He was awarded the highest Indian national honour, the Bharat Ratna in 1963.

Dr Zakir Husain President Of India and VC Of AMU, JMI and Jamia Urdu, Aligarh was Recipient of:

(i) Padma Vibhushan, 1954; and (ii) Bharat Ratna, 1963

He was VC Of AMU, JMI and Jamia Urdu, Aligarh and:

Member, Rajya Sabha, 3-4-1952 to 2-4-1956 and 3-4-1956 to 6-7-1957

Governor of Bihar, 1957-62

Vice-President of India and ex-officio Chairman, Rajya Sabha, 13-5-1962 to 12-5-1967;

President of India, 13-5-1967 to 3-5-1969

Died on 3-5-1969.

Dr Rafiq Zakaria was born in Sopara in Maharashtra on April 5, 1920 and resided in Mumbai. He was closely associated with **India's freedom struggle** and spent over 50 years in public service as a **Cabinet Minister** in the state of Maharashtra and later as deputy leader of the ruling **Congress party** in Indian Parliament. He also represented India in the **United Nations thrice** (1965, 1990 and 1996). The national Urdu University at Aligarh, Jamia Urdu elected him **Chancellor** successively for 25 years. A brilliant student, he stood first in the MA examination of the Bombay University and was awarded the **Chancellor's Gold medal**. He was also a qualified

barrister-at-law and obtained the degree of PhD with distinction from the London University. A lawyer by training, Dr Zakaria was one of India's most distinguished writers and commentators. His articles on Indian affairs, Islam and **British Imperialism** appeared in the foremost Indian and foreign journals and newspapers for over 60 years. He was Chairman of **All India Khilafat Committee** founded by Ali Brothers in collaboration with **Mahatma Gandhi**. He served as **Deputy Leader** of the Congress Party under **Indira Gandhi**. (www.ihma.ac.in).

Nawab Chhatari or Lieutenant Colonel Saeed ul-Mulk Nawab Sir Muhammad Ahmad Said Khan Chhatari, KCSI, KCIE, MBE, LL.D (b. 1888 - d. 1982) was **Governor** of United Provinces, **Chief Minister** of United Provinces, **President** of the Executive Council of the Nizam of Hyderabad (i.e. **Prime Minister** of Hyderabad) and **Chief Scout of India**.

Mahatma Gandhi in 1945, sent Nawab two letters; one from <u>Panchgani</u> and other from <u>Sevagram</u>. Gandhi also appreciated his concern for **Urdu**. With the rise of India's freedom struggle, **Mahatma Gandhi** sensed the communalization of the language issue and the political twist given to it by the **British**. He, therefore, supported the composite concept of Hindustani as a common variant of the colloquial usage written in both the scripts as the national language of the country. It is interesting to note that much before Mahatma Gandhi's proposal of Hindustani as a language of composite Indian culture, Raja Shiva Prasad in his book of grammar, in the year 1875, reiterated that Hindi and Urdu have no difference on the level of the vernacular.Nawab was also **Patron of Jamia Urdu, Aligarh**. He had also served as **Chancellor** of AMU from December 1965 to January 6, 1982.

Photographs on **Mahatma Gandhi** at the Maulana Azad Library and a large number of **letters** written by **Mahatma Gandhi** to the students and other **AMU** alumni freedom fighters highlights the association of Mahatma Gandhi with AMU and Urdu and AMU has always been a focal point for Mahatma Gandhi and he visited the students of AMU and Jamia Urdu Aligarh several times to play important role in freedom movement. Jamia Urdu, Aligarh Bazyabi Committee has been formed on 14 September with 15 eminent members of the community. It is headed by **Saiyid Hamid(IAS)** and the convenor is **Syed Shahabuddin**, with the object of restoring the institutional prestige and academic credibility of Jamia Urdu, Aligarh and instituting a efficient management under the rules and regulations of 1983 and above all to ensure that Jamia Urdu, Aligarh survives the future crisis. **Bhuneshwar Kumar, IAS, Aligarh** was acting controller of Jamia urdu, Aligarh, 18 months back. In 1950s, Jamia Urdu, ALigarh, was **deemed to-be-university.**

Various universities and institutions such as IGNOU, PTU, JRN RVU, SMU are running technical and non-technical courses on the concept of Jamia Urdu so as to make the nation, a developed nation. It is recognized by **Ministry of Home Affairs/Grih Mantralaya**, Department of Personal and Administrative Reforms (Karmik Aur Prashasnik Sudhar Vibhag), New Delhi, Dated 28th June 1978 Vide Order No. 14021/2/78-Estt(D), **Government of India/Bharat Sarkar** and the orders have been further approved on 31st April 2005 Vide Order No 14021/1/2004 by the Chief Secretary, **Ministry Of Personnel Public Grievances And Pensions, Govt Of India**, to declare the authenticity of recognition. The same orders have forwarded to all State Governments, all Ministries, the UPSC New Delhi and Ministry of Education for the purpose of the recruitment under the central government. It is also recognized by **Ministry of HRD**, **Govt Of India(2010)**.

Courses from this well known Jamia Urdu are recognized all over the world including United States Of America, Maritius, Singapore, Gulf Countries. Various universities has approved, recognized and affiliated the courses of Jamia Urdu mainly all top universities of the country including Madarsa Education Board, Patna; Magadh University, Bodh Gaya, AMU,BHU,JMI. All States of the country including Bihar have given the order to follow the orders of all ministries. The employment of B.Ed as Urdu Teachers have occurred in various districts of **Bihar** from time to time even in **2006 under Matri Shiksha Abhiyaan** and all states have employed the students in different government/private sectors.

COURSES OF JAMIA URDU, ALIGARH

- 1. Matric/10th(Adeeb) follows NCERT/NIOS based courses in Urdu Medium,
- 2. Intermediate/10+2(Adeeb-E-Mahir) follows NCERT/NIOS based courses(contents of PCB/PCM syllabus) in Urdu Medium,
- 3. Graduation(Adeeb-E-Kamil) follows graduation courses of Arts in Urdu Medium and,
- 4. BTC/ B.Ed(Moallim-e-Urdu/Urdu Teacher's Training) follows BTC/ B. Ed courses in Urdu Language.

LIST OF GOVERNMENT ORDERS/RECOGNITIONS OF JAMIA URDU (ALIGARH)

- 1. National Commission For Minority Educational Institution, Govt Of India.
- 2. Ministry of Home Affairs/Grih Mantralaya, (Karmik Aur Prashasnik Sudhar Vibhag), Bharat Sarkar.
- 3. The Chief Secretary Of Govt. Of India(Ministry Of Personnel Public Grievances And Pensions).
- 4. Ministry of HRD, Govt. Of India
- 5. Ministry of Education, Govt. Of India
- 6. Chief minister, Digvijay Singh, Government of Madhya Pradesh
- 7. Madhya Pradesh Madarsa Board to all DM of the districts.
- 8. National Council For Teacher Education(NCTE),
- 9. High Court, Patna
- 10. Ministry of HRD, Bihar Sarkar
- 11. Ministry of Education And Cultural Affairs, Government House, Port Louis.
- 12. The Secretary, Government of Utranchal, Dehradoon.
- 13. The Secretary, Board Of Higher Secondary Education, Delhi-6.
- 14. The Secretary, Board Of Secondary Education, Rajasthan.
- 15. The Secretary, Board Of Secondary Education, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh.
- 16. Office Of The Secretary To Government General Department, Jammu.
- 17. Extract From Ordinances Of Gorakhpur University Page No 90.
- 18. Directorate Of Education, Delhi (Establishement III Branch).
- 19. High Court, Allahabad
- 20. District Education And Training Council, Meerut, Government of Utter Pradesh.
- 21. The Secretary, Aalok Ranjan, Government of Utter Pradesh.
- 22. The Secretary, Utter Pradesh BTC, Allahabad.
- 23. The Secretary, Karnal Singh, Government of Utter Pradesh.
- 24. The Secretary, Bal Krishna Chaturvedi, Government of Utter Pradesh.
- 25. The Chief Secretary, G. P. Shukul, Government of Utter Pradesh.
- 26. Government of Madhya Pradesh,
- 27. District Basic Education Officer, Saharunpur, Utter Pradesh.
- 28. Government of Andhra Pradesh.
- 29. Government of Rajasthan, General Administration(B) Department.
- 30. Government of Mysore, The Deputy Secretary, Education Department, Bangalore.
- 31. Government of Goa, Directorate Of Education, Panaji, Goa.
- 32. District Education and Training Council, Meerut, Utter Pradesh.
- 33. Government of West Bengal,
- 34. Magadh University, Bodh Gaya, Gaya, Bihar.
- 35. Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh.
- 36. Osmania University, Hyderabad.

- 37. Jamia Millia Islamia, Jamia Nagar, New Delhi-110025.
- 38. Calcutta University, Calcutta.
- 39. Banaras Hindu University, Banaras.
- 40. Maulana Azad National Urdu University(MANUU).
- 41. University of Lucknow.
- 42. Guru Nanak University, Amritsar.
- 43. Punjab University, Chandigarh.
- 44. Sri venkateswara University, Tirupati, Andhra Pradesh.
- 45. University Of Jammu & Kashmir, Srinagar.
- 46. Rajasthan University, Rajasthan.
- 47. Board Of Haryana, Bhiwani, Haryana.
- 48. Board Of Punjab, Mohali, Punjab.
- 49. Board Of HP.
- 50. DR.B.R.A. University, Agra.
- 51. Meerut University, Meerut.
- 52. Dara-E-Adabiyat-E-Urdu, Aiwan-E-Urdu, Hyderabad.
- 53. University of Allahabad.
- 54. Jamia Tibbiya, Darul-Uloom, Deoband.
- 55. Saharanpur Tibbiya College, Saharanpur.
- 56. Aligarh Unani & Ayurvedic Medical College, Aligarh.
- 57. IGNOU
- 58. NIOS
- 59. JRN RVU
- 6o. PTU
- 61. Imarat Shariya, Patna, Bihar.
- 62. Council Of Secondary Education, Mohali, Punjab
- 63. Hydrabad University, AP
- 64. Jammu University, Jammu.
- 65. Gulbarga University, Karnataka.
- 66. Directorate of public interaction, Hydrabad, AP.
- 67. Rajasthan Ayurvedic University.
- 68. NIA(National Institute Of Ayurved), Jaipur.
- 69. DBHPS founded by Mahatma Gandhi.

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